# **Photonic Lantern**

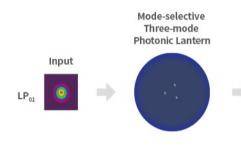
The photonic lantern is a mode multiplexer/demultiplexer used to improve the transmission capacity. The SMF cluster is embedded into a low refractive index capillary for adiabatic tapering, and then the tapered end is spliced with a few-mode fibre, fundamental mode in SMF is converted into the specific modes in FMF to realize a mode conversion and multiplexing ,The photonic lantern utilizes the orthogonality among various modes arising in few-mode fibres to greatly increase the number of data transmission channels and improve the transmission capacity.

### Characteristics

- · Low insertion loss
- · Small crosstalk
- · Excellent electromagnetic interference free characteristics

## **Applications**

- · Space division multiplexing optical transmission system
- · Mode division multiplexer/demultiplexer



#### Output











### **Transmission Matrix**

Output Input (dBm)	LP <sub>01</sub>	LP <sub>11a</sub>	LP <sub>11b</sub>
LP <sub>01</sub>	1.08	-13.36	-17.42
LP <sub>11a</sub>	-10.3	-1.7	-22.8
LP <sub>11b</sub>	-28.8	-17.5	-1.85

# **Specifications**

Product Type	Mode-selective Three-mode Photonic Lantern		
Number of Input SMF	3		
Operating Wavelength (nm)	1530 - 1600		
Fibre Type			
Typical Input Fibre	PH 1010-A (G.652)		
Typical Output Fibre	FM2010-A or FM SI-2-ULL		
Optical Properties			
Insertion Loss (dB)	<5.0		
Mode-dependent Loss (dB)	<3.0		
Polarization-dependent Loss (dB)	<0.5		
Appearance			
Dimensions (mm)	200.0×10.0×7.5		
Pigtail Length (m)	1.0 or Customized		